

Plan Seeks to Put Laos on the Right Track

The government hopes new hotels, roads and a train system will increase tourism.

By CHRISTINE CHUNG

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Laos, a place that feels stuck in time, is at the precipice of change.

Backpackers found the country decades ago, drawn by staggeringly beautiful limesome mountains, elaborate Buddhist temples and an unhurried and inexpensive pure of life. Only the most intrepid travelers followed, as Laos, Southeast Asia's only indicocked country, operated few—and no long-haul — Bights, and porhotes and hoody roads were the norm, Those who made it traded in-frills accommodations and household by the second country difference of the second country dif

than Laos annually.

Laos wants to change that. While flights remain limited, the country's visitor infractive than a strengthened in recent years with new hotels, improved highways and most notably, a new train system that runs at fast as 100 miles per hour and connects some of the country's most popular tourism destinations. The government designated 2024 a national tourism year, expanding visa walvers, improving tour guide training, and holding dezens of grand festivating, and the country and its tourism industry were shaken in November, when at least six, Yet the country and its tourism industry were shaken in November, when at least six, young tourists fell fill in the town of Vang Vieng and later died. Officials suspect methanol-tainted alcohol is the cause.

I had visited Vang Vieng in July, when my pattner, Ell, and I set out for a weeklong trip in Laos. We had wondered what it would be like to visit a country on the cusp of a potential tourism foom, particularly one with a longstanding reputation as an inexpensive, under-the-radar destination. We traveled mostly by rall, but also by bus, to find out.

A New Route to Old Favorites

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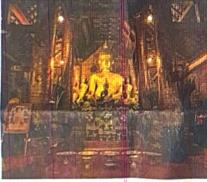
A New Route to Old Favorites
Lines has been trying to build back the
record tourism numbers it reached in 2019,
when 4.8 million foreign tourists visited.
Last year, according to the Lao government, it succeeded, with more than five milion tourists visiting. The Lao China Railway, which runs from Vientiane, the capital
of Laos, to Kanming in southern China, is
key to the momentum.
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continents; Laos is a key hub for China to

The \$6 billion project, financed by China, is part of China's Belt and Road initiative that aims to connect countries across five continents; Laos is a key hub for China to reach the rest of Southeast Asia. The LaoChina Railway opened in late 2021 for journeys within Laos, and cross-border train service between Laos and China began in 2023 Laos, a one-party communist state, has strong ties with China and the deeply reliant on Chinesee investments to fund its infrastructure projects.

The semi-high-speed train will whisk you to cities and towns with drastically different landscapes in just an hour or two, replacing the car of bus rides that used to take all day. The train now offers seamless journeys to Vientiane, the most industrial part of Laos, and where malls and temples coexist; to Luang Pinbang, a UNESCO World Heritage sand elegant French colonial villus; and to Vang Vieng, an outdoor adventure hot sopt where tourists explore the area's craggy linestone mountains, caves and la accounts bars.

The railway is a tourism attraction itself:

way is a tourism attraction itself Its behemioth stations feature peaked red roofs and cavernous waiting rooms full of hundreds of people lining up to board trains. During out trip, they departed right on the dot. But the stations almost seemed like





they were in a soft opening. In Vientlane, the vending machine was empty and businesses on the second floor had yet to open. The train zips through verdant farmland and swampy rice paddies and into the darkness of mountain tunnels. The fare is affordable, a two-hour ride from Lunag Prabang to Vientiane cost under \$20. But only those with local phone numbers can purchase a ticket on the train's app; the rest have to use middlemen services, easily available online, or wait in line. (Hotels can generally also help arrange rail travel.)

Gilded Temples and Riverside Bars
I found the train to be an almost effortless
way to travel through Laos and experience
the country's very different lifestyles.

In Vientane, we walked through gilded
temples, stayed in old French colonial villas
and strolled by the Mekong River at night,
where an amusement park, night market,
thars and open-air restaurants with leafood
on ice welcomed patrons. While we had
risany fantastic and affordable meals
throughout the trip, the best was at Doi Ka
NOi, a convival a restaurant where he seasonal menu changes weekly; we pad about
\$30 for lunch for two. Their crisy price stald
featuring sour pork and fragram herbs is
reason enough to visit to Ventiane.

Other highlights included a visit to Ock
Pog Tok, a lextite collective based in Lunan
Prabang, where we watched artissan
weavers hard at their craft. In Yang Yieng,
we booked an excursion with Green Discovery, a local tour operatior. We paddled kayaks on the Nam Song River and went tubing
in a cave.

Top, Vang Vieng, Laos. Middle row, Irom left: Wat Xiengthong, one of the many temples that led the city of Lang Prabang to be designated a UNESCO World Heritage Site; food service on the railway. Above, poolside at the Settha Palace Hotel.

Comfortable lodging throughout Laos is generally under \$100.

Vang Vieng has long had a reputation as a party spot — a destination of dangerous hedonism even — for international backpackers seeking drugs and alcohol. In recent years, officials tried to tamp down the partying, closing many of its riverside bars after dozens of fatal tubing accidents. When the six travelers sickened there last fall and later died, the town made international news. At least eight hostel workers, according to local press reports, were arrested and detained by the police in connection to the deaths.

Shifting Patterns?

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Aside from the train, new highways have begun replacing once-treacherous roads ridden with potholes. In well-trodden areas, tour operators and services are abundant, and even in sleepier places, I saw numerous hotels under construction.

At the Kuang Si waterfall, a multitiered waterfall with startlingly aquamarine waters south of Luang Prabang, there's golf cart service to the parking lot and a new zip line winding through the forest. A sturdy metal staircase to the base of the waterfall has replaced a series of decrepit and slippery wooden stairs.

In 2024, major hotel brands, including Doublettree by Hilton, the Eastin and the Holiday Inn, opened locations in Vientiane — a vote of confidence in the country and its growing fourism demand.

We stayed at the Settha Palace Hotel (two nights, \$240), a bouique hotel built by the French in the 1930s and later restored by a Lao family. Its rosewood furnishings (including stately four-poster beds) and mar-

be floors made us feed like we were in a time wurp. We nook breaks from the city's swazopy humidity in the hotel pool, which was ringed by a lush garden. But the center of laxury trawel in Lisos is undoubtedly Lusing Prabang. Amantaka, an Aman Group resurt, opened more than a decade ago, and in 2018, Rosewood Hotel group opened an opielar 23-room resort on a secluded property. Travelers, too, are becoming increasingly aware of Laos and its alfure.

While it remains sought after as an addon for other Southeast Asia kineraries, interest in Laos in trising, said Heather Heaverling, a managing director at Audiey Direct, a foour operator based in Hritian, From January to October 2024, the company's boolings quadrupled compared with the same period in 2022.

"It used to be that travelors really just went to Lusang Prabang and that was it," said Catherine Heald, a co-founder of Remote Lands, a New York-based travel agency that exclusively works in Asia. "It's a more viable destination now."

On the Bus to Nong Khlaw

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With just two days renaining, Eli and I visited Nong Khiaw, a rural town that was a three-hour drive from Luang Prabang, Enticed by pictures and reviews online, we decided to spend a night there. The journey was deeply uncomfortable. We were crammed in a small van with about a dozen sweaty people sitting thigh to thigh. There was no alf-conditioning (the temperature outside was around 90 degrees) and only the suggestion of a breeze. Portions of the roads were unpaved and filled with ditches. I really missed the train.

But it was worth it. Nong Khiaw's limestone karst landscape loome; over the placity of Namo Univer, where water buffalorested languidly on the riverbanks. We barrely saw anybody else then.

It was also extremely cheap, Comfortable lodging throughout Laos is generally under \$100 a night. In Nong Khiaw, we paid \$32 for a night at the Nong Khiaw, we paid \$32 for a night at the Nong Khiaw River Side, a charming riverside hotel that had an excellent restaurant serving fresh spring rolls and noodle soups.

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The experiences we had there were the best ones of the trip. Ell embarked on a steep hourlong trek up to an overlook called Pha Daeng Peak and enjoyed sweeping panoramic views of mountains ribboned with mist and the curving Nam Ou River. I crossed a rickety bridge through a rice paddy to visit Tham Pha Thok, a cluster of caves where villagers hid during the Vietnam War.

nam War.

One night, we went to Hive Bar, a drinking spot beloved by tourists. I asked Thieng
Soudakone, the bar's owner, how be felt
about the tourism changes and increased
development. He welcomed the train, he
said, but Nong Khlaw was different from
other tourism spots, and he hoped it stayed
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"We still have more nature and it's a peaceful, quiet place," Mr. Soudakone, 45, said. "No big hotels and hostels, no traffic here yet. The tourists here prefer a bumpy road like this. They don't need prosperity or civilization in their holiday. They spend their lives closer to locals."

It's this feeling that lured Nabiel Nastran back to Laos after his first visit six years ago. Imet Mr. Nastran, a bartender from Singapore, on the van to Nong Khiaw, as he was backpacking through Thailand, Laos and Vietnam with his girlirlend, Celina, Mr. Nastran, 27, said that the ride to Nong Khiaw was better because of road improvements. Laos felt busier this time around, he. Said, especially in Vang Vieng and Luang Prabang, but the country still had an undeniably peaceful and remote atmosphere.

"People have always said this is the last frontier of Southeast Asia," he said. "I just love the quiet life here."